

# PLACES OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY SUB-COMMITTEE

Subject Heading:	Community Infrastructure Levy – CIL Update
Forum:	Places Overview and Scrutiny Committee
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People – Things that matter for residents Place – A great place to live, work and enjoy Resource – A well run Council that delivers f	• •

### **SUMMARY**

This report provides an update on the status of the Council's Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL). It includes details on income received, funds allocated and spent, the current funding balance, and recent allocations approved in principle by the Infrastructure Planning and Delivery Board (IPaDB) and Cabinet Members. The report is intended for noting by the Place Overview and Scrutiny Sub-Committee (OSSC).

# **RECOMMENDATIONS**

### Members are asked to:

- Note the details provided in this report concerning the Council's CIL position.
- Consider and provide comments on the allocations.
- Discuss the implications of a Neighbourhood Plan on CIL.

#### REPORT DETAIL

### 1. Introduction

CIL contributions are critical in funding infrastructure to support growth in the borough. Unlike S106, CIL is a fixed charge on qualifying developments and can be spent more flexibly on borough-wide infrastructure. It was first introduced in Havering in September 2019.

From 2024/25, Havering implemented Neighbourhood CIL (NCIL). This splits receipts of CIL as follows:

- Strategic CIL (80%) retained and allocated by the Council to fund borough-wide infrastructure priorities. This must be spent on physical infrastructure.
- Neighbourhood CIL (15%) in areas without a neighbourhood plan (currently the whole of the Borough). Spend is more flexible in that it can be spent on anything to support development of an area. Currently used towards funding of S92 Police officers over 2 years.
- Admin Fund (5%) contributes towards the costs of collection, monitoring, administering/allocating spend and reporting.

The Infrastructure Planning Team oversees the collection, allocation, and spend of these contributions, working in collaboration with Finance and relevant service areas.

### 2. CIL Charging Schedule

The current adopted CIL charging schedule sets out rates as follows:

- Residential
  - Zone A (Most of Borough): £125/m²
  - Zone B (South of A1306): £55/m²
- Retail
  - Over 280 sq m: £175/m² Other retail: £50/m²
- Hotel: £20/m<sup>2</sup>

Mayoral CIL (MCIL2) also applies borough-wide at £25/m² for all development. This is passed to the GLA/TfL (minus 4% admin) for infrastructure spend and has been used to fund the Crossrail project.

All the above figures are subject to indexation. CIL is usually liable to be paid where there are new residential dwellings proposed or where new floorspace exceeds 100m<sup>2</sup>. Subject to compliance with the Regulations and procedure, relief from CIL can be applied for affordable housing, self-build housing and for demolition of existing floorspace.

#### 3. CIL Income and Allocations

As of 29 August 2025, the CIL income and spend position is as follows:

The information below is summarised in tabular format for ease of reference:

Item	Amount	Notes
Total Havering CIL	£9.98m	Received since 2019
Received		
Total Admin Fee	£0.498m	5% of total received
Strategic CIL	£9.173m	Total received minus
		admin and
		Neighbourhood CIL
Allocated Strategic CIL	£7.17	See Appendix A
Spent Strategic CIL	£1.899m	
Unallocated Strategic	£2.00m	Strategic CIL minus
CIL		allocated
Neighbourhood CIL	£0.309m	15% on CIL received
		(minus admin) since
		April 2024
Allocated/Spent	£0.309m	
Neighbourhood CIL		

# 4. CIL Allocations by Project

24 Strategic CIL-funded projects have been approved to date. Notable schemes include:

- Beam Parkway A1306 Active Travel/Linear Park: £1m
- Liveable Neighbourhoods NW Romford Roundabout: £1.2m
- Brittons Playing Field 3G Hub: £1.2m
- CCTV Control Room at Romford Central Library: £0.75m
- Romford Market redesign: £1m

A brief description on all 24 projects are included in Appendix A of this report.

# 5. CIL Forecasting and Liabilities

It is important to note that forecasting future CIL income and the timing of spend is inherently challenging. The amount and profile of CIL receipts depends on a range of factors that are outside the Council's direct control, including:

- Development activity the pace of housing and commercial delivery is influenced by market conditions, planning permissions, build-out rates, and developer financing.
- Payment phasing On large development schemes, CIL is often payable in

instalments over several years depending on the size and type of scheme. Delays in occupation or completion can postpone when payments are due.

- Viability and exemptions reliefs (e.g. affordable housing, charitable development) and viability challenges can reduce expected receipts.
- Collection risk enforcement action may be required where payments are late or disputed.

As such, while indicative forecasts can be prepared, they should be treated with caution and may be subject to significant variation as many of the potential CIL will not materialise.

Based on the number of planning permissions that have been granted, but not commenced, there is a potential maximum CIL income of £10m. However, based on past and current development activity, CIL income of around £1.6m per annum would be a reasonable expectation.

## 6. Neighbourhood Plan Impact on CIL

The introduction of a Neighbourhood Plan entitles qualifying areas to receive 25% of CIL receipts generated within the plan boundary (as opposed to 15%). This increases local influence on infrastructure spend.

Neighbourhood Plans were introduced under the Localism Act 2011. They:

- Must be prepared by a designated community group, parish council, or neighbourhood forum (not the Council).
- Set out policies in relation to development and land use in the defined Neighbourhood Area.
- Are independently examined for legal compliance, and must be approved through a local referendum before adoption.
- Are a right available to communities, but not a legal requirement. Communities may instead choose to influence development outcomes through other mechanisms such as Local Plan policies, Supplementary Planning Documents, Local Development Orders, or pre-application consultation.

At present there are no designated Neighbourhood Forums or Plans in Havering. Should one come forward and be adopted, the uplift from 15% to 25% NCIL would apply to all receipts from CIL development that takes place within that plan boundary, strengthening the role of communities in shaping infrastructure priorities in that area.

#### **Appendices**

Appendix A: Strategic CIL Funded Projects Table

Appendix A: Strategic CIL Funded Projects – Detailed Descriptions

Project	Amount	Description	Financial Year Allocated
Grass verge to car parking	£0.806m	Converting grass verge areas into formal car parking spaces to improve residential or public parking capacity.	21/22
Covid Memorial, Hornchurch Country Park	£0.224m	Creating a dedicated memorial space to honour those affected by the Covid-19 pandemic.	21/22
Sunrise Avenue, Hornchurch – Traffic Calming	£0.050m	Installation of measures like speed bumps or signage to reduce traffic speeds and improve safety.	21/22
CCTV Control Room  - Romford Central Library	£0.750m	Upgrading or establishing a central control room for monitoring public CCTV feeds to enhance town centre safety.	22/23
Primary School Cycle & Scooter Parking	£0.050m	Installing secure and accessible parking facilities for bicycles and scooters at primary schools.	22/23
Lamp Column replacement (for EV Charging)	£0.050m	Replacing existing streetlight columns to incorporate electric vehicle charging infrastructure.	22/23
Rom Valley Way - Phasing & Delivery Study	£0.026m	Funding a planning and feasibility study for phased improvements along Rom Valley Way.	22/23
Glass Recycling Pilot	£0.006m	Trial project to improve household or community-level glass recycling rates.	22/23
Liveable Neighbourhoods Romford Ring Road	£1.200m	Reconfiguring a major roundabout to support active travel	22/23

(LNRRR) – Phase 1 – NW Roundabout		(walking, cycling),	
Reconfiguration		public realm, and traffic flow.	
Beam Parkway A1306 – active travel / linear park	£1.000m	Creating a corridor for walking, cycling, and green space along the A1306 Beam Parkway.	22/23
Rosewood Avenue, Elm Park – Zebra Crossing	£0.045m	Installing a zebra crossing to improve pedestrian safety near key destinations.	23/24
Suttons Lane, Hornchurch – Zebra Crossing	£0.045m	Similar pedestrian crossing intervention to improve safety and access.	23/24
London Riverside BID – Public Realm Improvements	£0.050m	Enhancements to streetscape, lighting, signage, or landscaping in the London Riverside Business Improvement District.	24/25
Rainham Marshes – Environmental Improvements	£0.050m	Supporting biodiversity, access, or environmental conservation within Rainham Marshes.	24/25
London Riverside BID – Public Safety Improvements	£0.095m	Projects such as lighting, surveillance, or infrastructure that enhance safety for businesses and visitors.	24/25
Veteran Tree Survey	£0.012m	Surveying and documenting historic or ecologically significant trees for preservation planning.	24/25
Cultural Capital & Studio Havering	£0.2m	Investment in cultural infrastructure and creative industries, likely linked to Studio Havering development.	24/25

Miramar Way – Uncontrolled Crossing/ Floating Island	£0.011m	Creating a pedestrian crossing with a refuge (floating island) to improve safety at an uncontrolled road section.  Developing a	24/25
Restoration Feasibility Strategy		strategy for restoring natural features and improving the ecological health of the River Rom.	
Brittons Playing Field 3G Football Hub Development	£1.200m	Major investment to develop artificial turf football pitches and facilities at Brittons Playing Field.	24/25
Hornchurch Sports Centre Footway	£0.0085m	Minor works to improve pedestrian access and safety at the entrance and surrounding footway to Hornchurch Sports Centre.	25/26
Market Place Redesign	£1.000m	A major public realm project to reconfigure and enhance the town centre market area, improving layout, accessibility, and attractiveness for traders, visitors, and residents.	25/26
Rainham Marshes H&S/Flood Management	£0.050m	Targeted works at Rainham Marshes to address health and safety risks and improve localised flood management measures.	25/26
Town Centres Streetscape	£0.233m	Streetscape improvements in town centres, including paving, signage, street furniture, and planting to create a more welcoming and	25/26

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	accessible	
	environment.	